CITY OF ALBANY FINANCIAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE STAFF REPORT

Agenda Date: March 6, 2024

SUBJECT: Fiscal Year 2023/24 Second Quarter Budget Review and Mid-Year

Update

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SUMMARY

This report provides a review of the City's finances compared to budgeted amounts as well as an update on current financial status. This report covers the second quarter of FY2023/24 and outlines the mid-year budget update staff will present to the City Council on March 18, 2024.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Report is for informational purposes only.

BACKGROUND

Quarterly the Financial Advisory Committee reviews the status of the City's finances prior to the report being presented to the City Council. The status update includes information and analysis of revenues and expenditures, as well as a review of the updates that will be presented to the City Council for a midyear update on FY2023/24.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The attached Year-to-Date Budget to Actuals reports show revenues and expenditures for the General Fund through the second quarter of FY2023/24. Expenses ended at 51.5% of the estimated budget while revenues came in at 43.3%. A detailed analysis of the expenditures and revenues to date is provided in the following sections.

Definitions

The following definitions are used to describe amounts in the remainder of the report.

- **2023/24 Adopted Annual Budget or Estimated Adopted Budget** represents the budget adopted by the City Council on June 5, 2023.
- 2023/24 Estimated Q2 Budget or Estimated Q2 Budget represents the estimated budget calculated for the first two quarters of the current fiscal year which is based on the first two quarters of the prior fiscal year, taking into consideration the timing of certain revenues and expenditures when possible.
- **2023/24 Second-Quarter Actual or Q2 Actual** represents actual revenues or expenditures recorded during the first two quarters of the current fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND

A review of FY 2023/24 actuals through the second quarter compared to the Estimated Budget for the General Fund follows:

	2023/24 Adopted <u>Budget</u>	2023/24 Estimated Budget through Q2	2023/24 Actual through Q2	Variance of Estimated Budget to Actual through Q2
Revenues	\$30,144,961	\$14,620,306	\$13,038,421	(\$1,581,885)
Expenditures	\$31,452,849*	\$17,236,161	\$16,204,760	\$1,031,402

^{*} The Fiscal Year 2023/24 Adopted Budget reflects a \$1.3 million budget deficit.

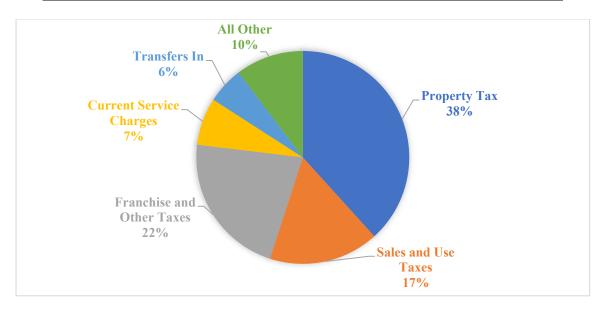
Comparing current-year expenditures to the same point last fiscal year shows that actual expenditures through the second quarter are favorably lower when compared to the same time last year. Departments overall are staying within their budgeted expenditure authority so far this year.

Revenues are under what is estimated for the first half of the fiscal year when compared to the same point last fiscal year. However, the disbursement for both retail and local sales taxes were only received for five months rather than six through the second quarter of the fiscal year resulting in lower than actual revenues compared to the estimated budget through Q2.

More detail on revenues and expenditures is included in the following sections.

REVENUES

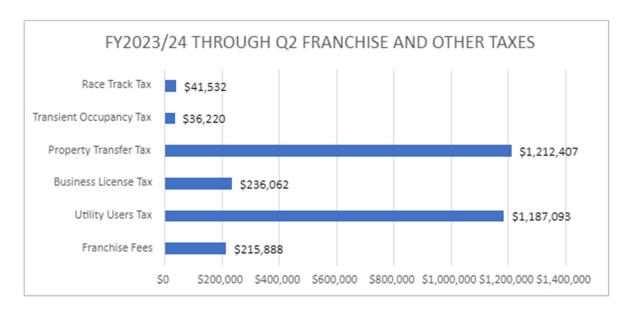
FY 2023/24 PERCENT OF TOTAL REVENUES BY TYPE THROUGH Q2



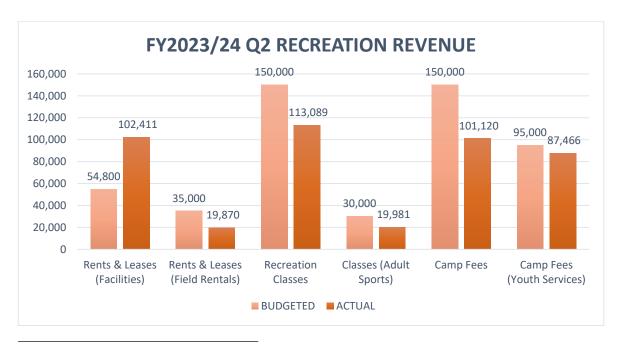
A review of Fiscal Year 2023/24 actual amounts through Q2 compared to the Estimated Budget (percent of total revenues at the same point in time last fiscal year) for General Fund revenues follows:

REVENUES	Adopted Budget	Estimated Budget through Q2	Actual through Q2	Variance
Property Tax	\$10,000,000	\$4,850,000	\$4,991,135	\$141,135
Sales and Use Taxes	\$4,970,000	\$2,410,450	\$2,179,846	(\$230,604)
Franchise & Other Taxes	\$6,070,000	\$2,943,950	\$2,856,493	(\$87,457)
Licenses & Permits	\$455,200	\$220,772	\$369,156	\$148,384
Fines & Forfeitures	\$270,000	\$130,950	\$127,000	(\$3,950)
Earnings on Investments	\$490,000	\$237,650	\$655,555	\$417,905
Revenues/Other Agencies	\$255,000	\$123,675	\$90,719	(\$32,956)
Current Service Charges	\$1,408,892	\$683,313	\$939,366	\$256,053
Other Revenue	\$256,650	\$124,475	\$101,564	(\$22,911)
Transfers In	\$5,969,219	\$2,895,071	\$727,587	(\$2,167,484)
Total Revenues	\$30,144,961	\$14,620,306	\$13,038,421	(\$1,581,885)

Revenues fluctuate more than expenditures throughout the year. By Q2 this fluctuation begins to level out to give a more accurate estimation of how the year will end. Through Q2 Actual total revenues for FY2023/24 are \$1,581,885 less than the Estimated Q2 Budget totals. Sales and use tax are typically the second largest revenue for the City. To date, the City has received five months of sales tax revenue for both retail sales tax and local tax. This tax is often received on a delay.



Property tax, earnings on investments and current service charges are the revenue categories with the most positive trends in the first half of the fiscal year. Investment earnings are benefiting from the rise in interest rates during the past fiscal year. Revenues earned from programs in the Recreation & Community Services Department are part of the current service charges category. This department's programs are trending higher than estimated, and staff will continue to monitor as the current fiscal year progresses to determine if this trend continues.



^{*} Budgeted amount shows the total amount budgeted for all of FY2023/24 compared to revenue received through Q2.

Measure DD

Measure DD was passed in November 2020 increasing the Utility User Taxes (UUT) on the use of gas and electric utilities in Albany while also adding a new tax for water use. The tax rates were updated per the table below.

Utility	Prior Tax Rate	New Tax Rate
Electricity	7%	9.5%
Gas	7%	9.5%
Water	None	7.5%
Telecommunications	6.5%	6.5%

These changes were anticipated to bring in an additional \$675,000 in revenue annually. The additional revenues through Q2 for FY 2023/24 are detailed in the table below.

UUT	Old Rate	New Rate	Difference	
Electric	\$444,434	\$603,160	\$158,726	
Gas	\$111,091	\$150,766	\$39,675	
Water	\$0	\$218,859	\$218,859	
TOTAL	\$555,524	\$972,785	\$417,261	

Total revenues from affected utility user taxes for FY2023/24 Q2 are \$972,785, with an increase of \$417,261 attributable to the increased rates approved in 2020.

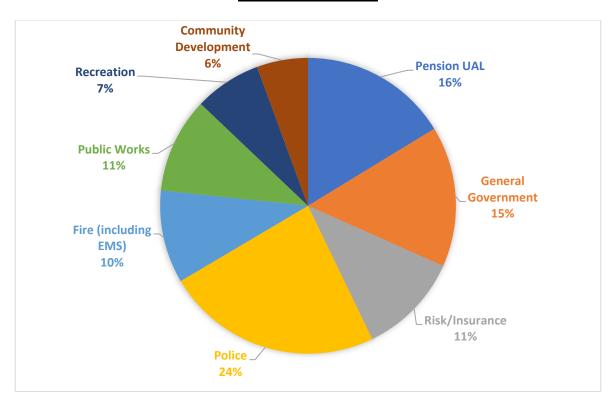
This tax was passed as a general tax with more than 50% of the vote rather than a special tax which would require a two-thirds threshold. Measure DD included language stating that the City Council will endeavor to expend at least one-third (1/3) of the additional revenue generated from the increase in the maximum electricity users' tax rate (above 7%) for the following spending priorities:

- 1. Those Action Items in the City's Climate Action and Adaptation Plan, approved by the City Council on December 2, 2019, and as it may be amended from time to time by the City Council.
- 2. Additional environmental sustainability programs as may be authorized by the City Council.

It should be noted, however that since the measure was passed as a general tax, revenues may be budgeted by Council to pay for <u>any</u> valid expenditures of the City.

EXPENDITURES

FY 2023/24 PERCENT OF TOTAL EXPENDITURES THROUGH Q2 BY DEPARTMENT



A review of the actual expenditures through the second quarter of FY 2023/24 compared to the Estimated Budget for General Fund expenditures shows:

Expenditures:	2023/24 Adopted <u>Budget</u>	2023/24 Estimated Budget through Q2	2023/24 Actual through Q2	Variance of Estimated Q2 Budget to Actual
Salaries and Benefits Other Expenses	\$21,998,355 9,454,494	\$12,055,099 \$5,181,063	\$11,459,739 \$4,745,021	\$595,360 \$436,042
Total Expenditures	<u>\$31,452,849</u>	<u>\$17,236,161</u>	<u>\$16,204,760</u>	<u>\$1,031,402</u>

Salaries and benefits for staff make up 70% of the budgeted expenditures for the City in FY2023/24. Overall, salaries and benefits were \$595,360 under the Estimated Q2 Budget.

A few large expenditures are regularly paid in the first half of each fiscal year. For this reason, comparing the Estimated Q2 Budget to the Q2 Actual provides a clearer picture if the City is on track than if the budget was divided into equal quarters.

One large payment due early in the fiscal year is the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) for pensions; this payment is an obligation the City must pay to fully fund the pension of staff. This year the City paid \$2.6 million for the UAL; this expenditure is budgeted under the Salaries and Benefits of Administration. It should be noted that there is no updated information regarding the City's UAL at the mid-point of a fiscal year as CalPERS generally only provides updates one time per year. However, the same cautions that existed at the time of the budget regarding significant increases in the required UAL payments over the next eight to ten years still exist. Between FY2023/24 and FY2031/32 the UAL payment is expected to nearly double, rising by an estimated \$2.5 million. While the actual number will depend in part on investment returns for CalPERS, it is unlikely that those required contributions will be reduced over that timeframe. Albany, like most cities in the state, will need to develop funding strategies that allow the overall budget to remain balanced.

The annual contribution to the City's insurance provider of \$1.8 million is also paid in the first quarter of the fiscal year and is budgeted under Other Expenses for Administration. Finance utilizes a higher portion of the department's budget for Other Expenditures for charges related to audit services and the annual payment for the current financial system.

Summary

Overall, the City ended the second quarter of FY2023/24 somewhat behind on revenue collections although the second half of the year will include a significant number of transfers in of revenue from other funds (special revenue funds) that have been budgeted but the transfers have not yet been made. Expenditures are trending well through the first half of the year, with departments generally staying within budgeted amounts. A deficit of \$1.3 million was anticipated with the adopted FY2023/24 budget. If revenues do not pick up as expected in the second half of the year, the City may experience a deficit or a larger deficit than anticipated this fiscal year. It should also be reiterated that the City anticipates a potential decrease in sales tax or other revenue due to the intended closure of Golden Gate Fields.

Mid-Year Analysis/Recommendations

Typically, at mid-year, staff look to identify if there are any extraordinary budget adjustments that need to be made based on trends through the first two quarters or other unanticipated items. While there are a few areas that may require adjustments prior to the end of the year, there are no immediate adjustments required at this time. Departments will continue to monitor their budgets and if adjustments are needed prior to year-end, those will be brought to the City Council in May or June. By that time, staff will have a clearer sense of where there may need to be adjustments based on nearly a full fiscal year.

Cash and Investments

Attachment 3 – Cash and Investments shows the City's cash and investment holdings as of December 31, 2023. 3 So far, \$33.5 million has been invested in CAMP, a municipal investment clearing authority currently paying 4.5% on their money market account with the balance invested in compliance with the City's Investment Policy.

Attachments

- 1. Fiscal Year 2023/24 Second Quarter Budget to Actuals Report
- 2. December 31, 2023 Cash and Investments Summary